```
ANSWER 1 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L3
AN
     2004:143303 CAPLUS Full-text
DN
     140:180238
TI
     Methods for the isolation and purification of ansamitocins
IN
     Fulston, Mark; Stefanska, Anna L.; Thirkettle, Jan E.
PA
     Smithkline Beecham Corporation, USA
     PCT Int. Appl., 8 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     PATENT NO.
                                           ______
                         ____
                                _____
                                          WO 2003-US24642
                                                                   20030807
                         A2
                                20040219
PΙ
     WO 2004015119
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,
             PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN,
             TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 2002-401877P
                         Ρ
                                20020808
     This invention relates to processes for the preparation of ansamitocins,
     in particular ansamitocins that can be converted to maytansinol. Thus,
     25-26 L of Actinosynnema pretiosum whole fermentation was extracted with
     toluene broth. The extract was then loaded onto a Biotage flash silica
     gel chromatog. system. The ansamitocins were eluted with 4%
     methanol/toluene and the fractions containing ansamitocin P-3 were
     collected. The eluate fractions were consolidated and evaporated to
     dryness in a rotary evaporator. The residue slurried in 2 mL methanol
     followed by 30 mL Et acetate and heated to 50 °C until all the material
     had dissolved. Prewarmed heptane was then added until clouding began,
     at which point the flask was allowed to cool to room temperature The
     recovered crystals consisted of ansamitocin P-3 (86%) along with
     ansamitocin P-2 (5.7\%) and ansamitocin P-4 (7.9\%).
     66584-72-3P, Ansamitocin P-3
IT
     RL: BMF (Bioindustrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (methods for isolation and
     purification of ansamitocins)
```

CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)-2'-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

66584-72-3 CAPLUS

RN

IT 57103-70-5P, Ansamitocin P-2 66547-10-2P, Ansamitocin
P-4 RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BYP (Byproduct); BIOL
(Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(methods for isolation and purification of ansamitocins)
RN 57103-70-5 CAPLUS
CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 66547-10-2 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]-O3-(3-methyl-1-oxobutyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L3 ANSWER 2 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:967172 CAPLUS Full-text
- DN 140:174510
- TI Selective antimicrotubule activity of N1-phenyl-3,5-dinitro-N4,N4-di-n-propylsulfanilamide (GB-II-5) against kinetoplastid parasites
- AU Werbovetz, Karl A.; Sackett, Dan L.; Delfin, Dawn; Bhattacharya, Gautam; Salem, Manar; Obrzut, Tomasz; Rattendi, Donna; Bacchi, Cyrus
- CS Division of Medicinal Chemistry and Pharmacognosy, College of Pharmacy, The Ohio State University, Columbus, OH, USA
- SO Molecular Pharmacology (2003), 64(6), 1325-1333 CODEN: MOPMA3; ISSN: 0026-895X
- PB American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Analogs of the antimitotic herbicide oryzalin (3,5-dinitro-N4,N4-di-n-AB propylsulfanilamide) were recently prepared that were more potent in vitro than the parent compound against the kinetoplastid parasite Leishmania donovani (Bioorg Med Chem Lett 12:2395-2398, 2002). In the present work, we show that the most active mol. in the group, N1-phenyl-3,5-dinitro- N4,N4-di-n-propylsulfanilamide (GB-II-5), is a potent, selective antimitotic agent against kinetoplastid parasites. GB-II-5 possesses IC50 values of 0.41 and 0.73 μM in vitro against two strains of the related parasite Trypanosoma brucei but is much less toxic to J774 murine macrophages and PC3 prostate cancer cells, exhibiting IC50 values of 29 and 35 μ M against these lines, resp. Selectivity is also observed for GB-II-5 with purified leishmanial and mammalian tubulin. The assembly of 15 μ M leishmanial tubulin is completely inhibited by 10 μM GB-II-5, whereas 40 μM GB-II-5 inhibits the assembly of 15 μM porcine brain tubulin by only 17%. In cultured L. donovani and T. brucei, treatment with 5 and 0.5 μM GB-II-5, resp., causes a striking increase in the fraction of G2M cells compared with control. Given the potency and selectivity of this agent against kinetoplastid tubulin, GB-II-5 emerges as an exciting new antitrypanosomal and antileishmanial lead compound
- IT **66584-72-3**, Ansamitocin P3

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(selective antimic rotubule activity of oryzalin analog GB-II-5 against

kinetoplastid parasites)

RN 66584-72-3 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)-2'-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 3 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L3
    2002:736260 CAPLUS Full-text
AN
DN
    137:247554
TI
    Process for preparation and purification of maytansinol
IN
    Terfloth, Gerald J.
PA
     Smithkline Beecham Corporation, USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
    English
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
                        ____
                               _____
                                           _____
    WO 2002074775
                         A1
                               20020926 WO 2002-US7424
                                                                 20020312
PΙ
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
            UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
            TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
             CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                               20021024 US 2002-95927
                                                                20020311
    US 2002156274
                         A1
     EP 1373273
                               20040102
                                           EP 2002-726608
                                                                  20020312
                         A1
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     JP 2004526734
                         T2
                               20040902
                                          JP 2002-573784
                                                                  20020312
PRAI US 2001-276792P
                         Ρ
                               20010316
     WO 2002-US7424
                         W
                               20020312
os
     CASREACT 137:247554
     Processes for preparing maytansinol from mixts. containing unreduced and
AB
     over-reduced maytansinoids by separating the maytansinol by normal-phase
     high performance liquid chromatog. on a silica, alumina, zirconia,
     titanium dioxide or chemical modified silica stationary phase. Thus,
     impure maytansinol prepared by lithium trimethoxyaluminum hydride
     reduction of ansamitocin P-3 was purified by HPLC using a stainless
     steel column packed with silica gel. to give may tansinol with 99.3%
              The maytansinol is useful for preparing cell-
     purity.
     binding/maytansinoid agent complexes.
IT
     57103-68-1P, Maytansinol
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN
     (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (process for preparing and purification of maytansinol)
RN
     57103-68-1 CAPLUS
     Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX
CN
     NAME)
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IT 66584-72-3, Ansamitocin P-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (process for preparing and **purification** of maytansinol)

RN 66584-72-3 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)-2'-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L3 ANSWER 4 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
```

- AN 2002:655114 CAPLUS Full-text
- DN 137:201187
- TI Process for preparation of cytotoxic conjugates of maytansinoids and cell binding agents
- IN Chari, Ravi V. J.; Widdison, Wayne C.
- PA Immunogen, Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 17 pp. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English

FAN.CNT 1

2127		ENT						DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION 1	NO.		Di	ATE	
PI		6441				B1		2002	0827		us 2	001-	8675	98		2	0010	531
	CA	2417	858			AA		2002	1212		CA 2	002-	2417	858		20	0020	214
	WO	2002	0988	83		A1		2002	1212		WO 2	002-	US33	78		2	0020	214
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
								MD,										
			PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,
			UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,
TM			·	•		•				•		•		•	•	-		-
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,
			CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,
			BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG
	ΕP	1390																
								ES,										
								RO,						·	•			
	JP	2004	5204	50	•	Т2	•	2004	0708	•	JP 2	003-	5020	04		2	0020	214
	US	2003	0552	26		A1		2003	0320		US 2	002-	1616	51		2	0020	605
PRAI	US	2001	-867	598		Α		2001	0531									
	WO	2002	-US3	378		W		2002	0214									
os		REAC								187								
GI																		

^{*} STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB Maytansinoid derivs. having a disulfide linker, such as I [R1, R2 = H, Me, Et, alkyl; n = 1-5; X = reactive ester], were prepared The reactive ester group of I was reacted with cell binding agents, such as antibodies, to produce conjugates. These conjugates are useful as therapeutic agents which are delivered specifically to target cells and are cytotoxic. Thus, maytansinoid derivative II was prepared via a multistep synthetic sequence starting from 1,3-dibromobutane, sodium cyanide, thiourea, N-hydroxysuccinimide and N2'-deacetyl-N2'-[3-thiopropyl]-maytansine. II was reacted with huN901 antibody and purified over a Sephadex gel filtration to provide huN901-maytansinoid conjugate which was potent in killing antigen pos. cells, with an IC50 value of 1x10-10 M.

IT **57103-68-1**, Maytansinol

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(process for preparation of cytotoxic conjugates of may tansinoid \cdot derivs.

having a disulfide moiety and huN901 antibody)

RN 57103-68-1 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

for's

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN -

AN 2001:934023 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 136:53632

TI Process for the preparation and **purification** of thiol-containing maytansinoids

IN Chari, Ravi Vankeepuram Jagannatha; Widdison, Wayne Charles

PA Immunogen, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 19 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN. CNT 1

PAN.	-IVT	T																
	PAT	CENT	NO'.			KINI	-	DATE			APP	LICAT	ION	NO.			ATE	
ΡI	US	6333	 410			B1			1225		US	2000-	 6413	48			0000	
	CA	2373	554			AA		2002	0228		CA	2001-	2373	554		2	0010	426
	WO	2002	0163	68		A1		2002	0228		WO	2001-	US10	816		2	0010	426
		W:	AU,	CA,	JP													
		RW:	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR	, GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,
			PT,	SE,	TR													
	ΑU	2001	0531	18		A 5		2002	0304		AU	2001-	5311	8		2	0010	426
	ΑU	7631	07			B2		2003	0710									
	ΕP	1313	738			A1		2003	0528		EP	2001-	9265	94		2	0010	426
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR	, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			IE,	FI,	CY,	TR												
	JP	2004	5067	38		Т2		2004	0304		JP	2002-	5214	68		2	0010	426
PRAI	US	2000	-641	348		Α		2000	0818									
	WO	2001	-US1	0816		W		2001	0426									
os	CAS	SREAC	Т 13	6:53	632;	MAR	PAT	136:	53632	2								
GI																		

AB The present invention provides a process for the preparation and purifn . of thiol-containing may tansinoids comprising the steps of: (1) reductive hydrolysis of a maytansinoid C-3 ester with a reducing agent selected from the group consisting lithium trimethoxyaluminum hydride (LiAl(OMe)3H), lithium triethoxyaluminum hydride (LiAl(OEt)3H), lithium tripropoxyaluminum hydride (LiAl(OPr)3H), sodium trimethoxyaluminum hydride (NaAl (OMe) 3H), sodium triethoxyaluminum hydride (NaAl (OEt) 3H) and sodium tripropoxyaluminum hydride (NaAl(OPr)3H) to yield a maytansinol; (2) purifying the maytansinol to remove side products when present; (3) esterifying the purified maytansinol with a carboxylic acid to yield a mixture of an L- and a D-aminoacyl ester of maytansinol; (4) separating the L-aminoacyl ester of maytansinol from the reaction mixture in (3); (5) reducing the L-aminoacyl ester of maytansinol to yield a thiol-containing maytansinoid; and (6) purifying the thiolcontaining maytansinoid. Thus, ansanmitocin P-3 underwent reductive hydrolysis with LiAl(OMe)3H in THF and the product dissolved in Et

acetate was **purified** on a silica gel column to give pure maytansinol in 71% yield. Maytansinol was treated with N-methyl-N-(3-methyldithiopropanoyl)-L-alanine in CH2Cl2 containing DCC and zinc chloride and the product in MeOH and Et acetate was treated with dithiorheitol in potassium phosphate buffer containing EDTA to give the maytansinoid I.

IT 57103-68-1P, Maytansinol

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(process for preparation and **purification** of thiol-containing maytansinoids)

RN 57103-68-1 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

IT 66584-72-3, Ansamitocin P-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(process for preparation and **purification** of thiol-containing maytansinoids)

RN 66584-72-3 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)-2'-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L3 ANSWER 6 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 2001:763222 CAPLUS Full-text
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DN 135:302951

TI Methods for ansamitocin production

IN Fulston, Mark; Stefanska, Anna; Thirkettle, Jan

PA SmithKline Beecham P.L.C., UK

SO PCT Int. Appl., 13 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN. CNT 1

FAN.		ENT I	NO.			KIN		DATE			APPL	ICAT:	ION I	NO.		Di	ATE	
PI		2001		60		A2		2001 2002		1	WO 2	001-	GB16	61		2	0010	411
		W:	AE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,
			HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,
			LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,
			RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,
								AZ,								-		•
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
			DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,
			ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG		
	US	2002	0159	84		A1		2002	0207		US 2	001-	8287	58		2	0010	409
	US	6573	074			В2		2003	0603									
	CA	2406	188			AA		2001	1018		CA 2	001-	2406	188		2	0010	411
	EΡ	1272	653			A2		2003	0108		EP 2	001-	9667	70		2	0010	411
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	ΑL,	TR						
		2003						2003									0010	
		2001						2004								-	0010	
		5218						2004									0010	
		2002				Α		2002								_	0021	
		2002				Α		2003				002-					0021	
		2003				A1		2003		•	US 2	003-	3791	36		2	0030	304
PRAI		2000				_		2000										
		2001						2001										
3.50	_	2001						2001								,	_,	

AB Improved purification methods for ansamitocins are disclosed. Thus, 37 L of fermentation broth from Actinosynnema pretiosum containing 86.3 mg/L ansamitocin P-3 was heat treated in-situ at 75 °C to kill the microorganisms. Forty L of toluene was added and the mixture was heated to 45°C and agitated for 16 h. After the phases had separated, the toluene layer containing 80 mg/L ansamitocin P-3 was siphoned off and concentrated by evaporation At this point the extract contained 3.1 g of ansamitocin P-3 representing a recovery of ~ 97%. The resulting extract was re-dissolved in toluene and concentrated one again by evaporation This extract was then dissolved in toluene, loaded onto a Kieselgel 60 column, and eluted using a 2% methanol in toluene mobile phase. The ansamitocin P-3 fractions were combined and concentrated yielding an 3.2 g of an oily solid containing 2.5 g of ansamitocin P-3. This solid was taken up in 200 mL Et acetate, warmed to 40 °C, combined with 200 mL heptane and allowed to cool. Once seeded with pure ansamitocin P-3 crystals the crystallization occurred spontaneously. A yield of 2.5 g of crystals was obtained containing 86% (2.15 g)

ansamitocin P-3 with the remainder consisting mostly of other ansamitocins.

IT 57103-70-5P, Ansamitocin P-2 66547-09-9P, Ansamitocin P 3' 66547-10-2P, Ansamitocin P-4 66584-72-3P,

Ansamitocin P-3 72816-08-1P, Ansamitocin P 4'

RL: BMF (Bioindustrial manufacture); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); PUR (Purification or recovery); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (solvent extraction of ansamitocin from fermentation broth)

RN 57103-70-5 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 66547-09-9 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]-O3-(1-oxobutyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 66547-10-2 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]-O3-(3-methyl-1-oxobutyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 66584-72-3 CAPLUS
CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)-2'-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 72816-08-1 CAPLUS
CN Maytansine, 3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropoxy]-3-[(1-oxopentyl)oxy]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L3 ANSWER 7 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 2000:800767 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 134:51030

TI Cellular effects of leishmanial tubulin inhibitors on L. donovani

AU Havens, Courtney G.; Bryant, Nelva; Asher, Ludmila; Lamoreaux, Laurie; Perfetto, Steve; Brendle, James J.; Werbovetz, Karl A.

CS Department of Parasitology, Division of Experimental Therapeutics, Walter

Reed Army Institute of Research, Washington, DC, 20307, USA

SO Molecular and Biochemical Parasitology (2000), 110(2), 223-236 CODEN: MBIPDP; ISSN: 0166-6851

PB Elsevier Science Ireland Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

To aid our investigation of tubulin as an antileishmanial drug target, AB the effects of the mammalian antimicrotubule agents ansamitocin P3, taxol, and hemiasterlin on Leishmania donovani promastigotes were described. These drugs affected the assembly of purified leishmanial tubulin and inhibited the growth of L. donovani promastigotes at micromolar concns. When promastiqutes were treated with these agents, mitotic partitioning of nuclear DNA and cytokinesis were usually inhibited. The spatial orientation of kinetoplasts was often disturbed, suggesting a role for microtubules in the segregation of these organelles during mitosis. Aberrant cell types produced in drug-treated cultures included parasites with one nucleus and two geometrically distinct kinetoplasts, parasites with multiple kinetoplasts, and cytoplasts containing a kinetoplast but no nucleus. A subset of unique cell types, parasites containing two nuclei, a spindle fiber, and two geometrically distinct kinetoplasts, were observed in hemiasterlintreated cultures. Flow cytometric anal. of L. donovani promastigotes treated with these three drugs indicated a dramatic shift toward the G2 + M phase of the cell cycle, with some cells containing four times the amount of DNA present in G1. These results were used to evaluate the cellular effects of WR85915, an aromatic thiocyanate with in vitro antileishmanial and anti-tubulin activity, on L. donovani. Treatment of parasites with WR85915 did not produce the unusual cell types described above and did not cause the accumulation of parasites in G2 + M, suggesting that WR85915 acts on target(s) in Leishmania in addition to tubulin. These studies validate tubulin as a suitable antileishmanial drug target and provide criteria to assess the cellular mechanism of action of new candidate antileishmanial agents.

IT **66584-72-3**, Ansamitocin P3

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological

study); USES (Uses)

RN

(cellular effects of leishmanial tubulin inhibitors on L. donovani) 66584-72-3 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)-2'-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 8 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1992:625828 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 117:225828

TI Therapeutic effect of ansamitocin targeted to tumor by a bispecific monoclonal antibody

AU Okamoto, Kayoko; Harada, Kaori; Ikeyama, Shuichi; Iwasa, Susumu

CS Biol. Res. Lab., Takeda Chem. Ind., Ltd., Osaka, 532, Japan

SO Japanese Journal of Cancer Research (1992), 83(7), 761-8 CODEN: JJCREP; ISSN: 0910-5050

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ The authors have constructed a murine hybrid hybridoma that secretes a bispecific monoclonal antibody (mAb) by fusing a hybridoma secreting an anti-ansamitocins mAb with a hybridoma secreting an anti-human transferrin receptor (TfR) mAb that binds to human A431 epidermoid carcinoma cells. The bispecific mAb, reactive to both ansamitocins and TfR, was purified by a combination of hydrophobic column chromatog. and hydroxyapatite high-performance liquid chromatog., and evaluated in in vivo expts. using human tumor cell-implanted nude mice. Ansamitocin P-3 targeted through one of the antigen combining sites of the bispecific mAb was potentially more effective in suppressing the growth of estimated A431 tumor xenografts implanted on nude mice than unconjugated ansamitocin P-3 or the immunoconjugate of ansamitocin P-3 and monospecific antiansamitocins antibody, and the targeted ansamitocin P-3finally eradicated the tumor mass. The bispecific mAb also played an important role in reducing such undesirable side-effects of ansamitocin P-3 as the loss of body weight, the damage to liver functions and the decrease in the number of white blood cells.

IT 66584-72-3D, Ansamitocin P-3, monoclonal antibody conjugates RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(bispecific to ansamitocin and transferrin receptor, antitumor activity $\ensuremath{\mathsf{C}}$

of)

RN 66584-72-3 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)-2'-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

IT 133319-65-0P, TAC 582

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and conjugation with bispecific monoclonal antibody to ansamitocin and transferrin receptor of)

RN 133319-65-0 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, O3-(aminophenylacetyl)-O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L3 ANSWER 9 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1989:179511 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 110:179511

TI Isolation of maytansinoid compound as an antitumor agent

IN Sakai, Kunikazu; Yamada, Kaoru; Ichikawa, Tetsuya; Yamashita, Mitsuo; Kondo, Sei

PA Sagami Chemical Research Center, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
PI JP 63233986 PRAI JP 1987-65657 GI	A2	19880929 19870323	JP 1987-65657	19870323	

AB Maytansinoid compound I, an effective antitumor agent, is isolated from Isothecium subdiversiforme. Isothecium subdiversiforme (14.5 kg) was frozen with liquid N, crushed, extracted with Et2O, the exts. concentrated in vacuo to give a crude mixture, which was **purified** by adsorption, desorption, and chromatographed to give I, which showed IC50 of 1 + 10-5 to 3 + 10-4 μ g/mL against P-388 leukemia cells.

Ι

IT 66584-72-3

RL: PROC (Process)

(isolation of, as antitumor agent)

RN 66584-72-3 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)-2'-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

L3 ANSWER 10 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1982:508519 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 97:108519

TI Antibiotic C-15003

IN Higashide, Eiji; Asai, Mitsuko; Tanida, Seiichi

PA Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SO Can., 32 pp. Division of Can. Appl. No. 288,731. CODEN: CAXXA4

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 4

FAN.	CNT 4 PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	CA 1121814	A2	19820413	CA 1981-373582	19810320
	JP 53130693	A2	19781114	JP 1977-37166	19770331
	JP 60034556	В4	19850809		
	US 4162940	A	19790731	US 1977-811448	19770629
	FR 2385714	A1	19781027	FR 1977-30339	19771007
	FR 2385714	B1	19820514		
	SU 741804	D	19800615	su 1977-2529301	19771007
	HU 28459	0	19831228	HU 1981-2440	19771013
	HU 187372	В	19851228		
	AT 7707362	Α	19810215	AT 1977-7362	19771014
	AT 364081	В	19810925		
	CA 1107212	A1	19810818	CA 1977-288731	19771014
	PL 122289	B1	19820731	PL 1977-201541	19771015
	СН 637137	Α	19830715	СН 1977-12605	19780101
	BE 865589	A1	19781002	BE 1978-186486	19780331
	BE 865590	A1	19781002	BE 1978-186487	19780331
	ZA 7801862	Α	19790328	ZA 1978-1862	19780331
	ZA 7801863	Α	19790328	ZA 1978-1863	19780331
	su 890978	A3	19811215	SU 1978-2627804	19780620
	AT 7808226	Α	19800915	AT 1978-8226	19781117
	AT 362061	В	19810427	•	
	DK 8003388	Α	19800806	DK 1980-3388	19800806
	DK 148180	В	19850422		
PRAI	JP 1977-37166	Α	19770331		
	US 1977-811448	Α	19770629		
	CA 1977-288731	A3	19771014		
	JP 1977-37886	Α	19770401		
•	US 1977-811449	Α	19770629		
	AT 1977-7362	Α	19771014		
	DK 1977-4588	Α	19771014		
GI					

AB Antibiotic C-15003 (I) and its derivs. C-15003 P- ϕ (I;R=H) [**57103-68-1**], C-15003 P-3 (I; R = -COCH(CH3)2), C-15003 P-4 (I; R = -COCH2CH(CH3)2, and C-15003 P-3' (I; R = -CO(CH2)2CH3) are isolated from the actinomycete Nocardia strain C-15003. I was active against gram-

pos. and gram-neg. bacteria, fungi, and leukemia P388, while its LD50 was 0.313 mg/kg. Thus, Nocardia Number C-15003 (ATCC31281) was used to prepare a seed culture which was then inoculated into a nutrient medium (pH 7.0) comprising dextrin 5, corn steep liquor 3, polypeptone 0.1, and CaCO3 0.5%. After incubation for 90 h at 28°, 10 parts of the inoculum was transferred to 2000 parts by volume of a fermentation medium similar to the above and incubated for 48 h 28°. Five hundred parts of this culture was in turn transferred to 30,000 parts by volume of a nutrient medium as described above before final inoculation of 100,000 parts production medium with the seed culture and incubation for 90 h at 28° with aeration. After filtration of the culture broth, the filtrate was extracted with EtOAc and washed with H2O, and then dried and conductivity under vacuum. Addition of petroleum ether to the concentrate gave I as a crude precipitate that was dissolved in EtOAc and the filtrate concentrated under reduced pressure. Further purification and fractionation on Diaion HP-10 yielded C-15003 P-3, P-3', and P-4.

IT 57103-68-1 66547-09-9 66547-10-2 66584-72-3

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (Nocardia)

RN 57103-68-1 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 66547-09-9 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]-O3-(1-oxobutyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN

66547-10-2 CAPLUS
Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]-O3-(3-methyl-1-oxobutyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN66584-72-3 CAPLUS

CNMaytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)-2'-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L3 ANSWER 11 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1980:468699 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 93:68699

ΤI Maytansinol

PA Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

so Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DΤ Patent

Japanese LА

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 55029972	A2	19800303	JP 1978-103547	19780824
DDAT	TP 1978-103547		19780824 -		

Maytansinol (I) [57103-68-1] is produced from maytanacine, maytansinol AB propionate, or ansamitocins, catalyzed by the culture broth or an enzyme preparation of Streptomyces. Thus, S. coelicolor ATCC 13405 was cultured with shaking at 28° for 48 h on 10 L medium (pH 7.5) containing dextrin 2, peptone 0.5, yeast extract 0.5, and meat extract 0.5%. broth was mixed with 500 mg ansamitocin P-4 [66547-10-2] and reacted with shaking at 28° for 24 h to yield I. The reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The extract was washed with 0.005N HCl, 0.5% NaHCO3, and H2O, dried with Na2SO4, and concentrated under vacuum. concentrate was mixed with petroleum ether to precipitate 1.87 g crude I. Purification was by silica gel column and thin layer chromatog. with crystallization from EtOAc, giving a yield of 381 mg.

ΙT 57103-68-1P

> RL: BMF (Bioindustrial manufacture); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(manufacture of, with Stryptomyces)

57103-68-1 CAPLUS RN

Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME)

L3 ANSWER 12 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1980:179027 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 92:179027

TI Ansamitocins, maytansinoid antitumor antibiotics. Producing organism, fermentation, and antimicrobial activities

AU Tanida, Seiichi; Hasegawa, Toru; Hatano, Kazunori; Higashide, Eiji; Yoneda, Masahiko

CS Microbiol. Res. Lab., Takeda Chem. Ind., Ltd., Osaka, 532, Japan

D Journal of Antibiotics (1980), 33(2), 192-8
CODEN: JANTAJ; ISSN: 0021-8820

DT Journal

LA English

GI

AB Ansamitocins are new maytansinoid antitumor antibiotics produced by an actinomycete strain Number C-15003 (N-1). The organism was designated Nocardia sp. C-15003 (N-1). In the fermentation fluids, activity against eukaryotic microorganisms was detected. Three of the purified materials, which have the activity against Tetrahymena pyriformis strain W and Hamigera avellanea IFO 7721, were new ansamycin antibiotics with antileukemic activities and were named ansamitocins P-3 (I) [66584-72-3], P-3' (II) [66547-09-9], and P-4 (III) [66547-10-2]. Ansamitocins show growth inhibitory activity against several eukaryotic microorganisms but no activity against prokaryotic microorganisms. The acyl moieties at the C-3 position of ansamitocins are essential for their antifungal activities.

IT 66547-09-9 66547-10-2 66584-72-3

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(antibiotic, from Nocardia)

RN 66547-09-9 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]-O3-(1-oxobutyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN

66547-10-2 CAPLUS
Maytansine, 03-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]-03-(3-methyl-1-CN oxobutyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 66584-72-3 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)-2'-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 57103-68-1 57103-70-5

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (fungicidal activity of)

RN 57103-68-1 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 57103-70-5 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L3 ANSWER 13 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1980:4697 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 92:4697

TI Antibiotic C-15003P-2

IN Higashide, Eiji; Hatano, Kazunori; Asai, Mitsuko

PA Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN. CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		-		
PI JP 54076895	A2	19790619	JP 1977-141837	19771125
JP 60016237	B4	19850424		
PRAI JP 1977-141837		19771125		
GI				

AB Antibiotic C-15003P-2 (I) [57103-70-5] was produced by culturing a Nocardia species on a medium containing a precursor of PrO·CoA, propionic acid, leucine analog, or valine analog. Thus, Nocardia C-15003 (FERM-P 0992) was aerobically cultured at 28° for 8 days on 100 L of a medium containing soluble starch 3, NH4Cl 0.2, MgSO4 0.05, KH2PO4 1.09, K2HPO4 2.09, FeSO4 0.001, and Na propionate 0.05%. Production of I was 2.0 μg/mL. The culture broth was mixed with 50 L acetone and filtered. The filtrate (135 L) was mixed with water 50 and EtOAc 90 L. The EtOAc layer was washed with water and dried with Na2SO4 and I was precipitated with addition of petroleum ether. The precipitate (15 g) was purified by silica gel column chromatog. and crystallized from EtOAc with a yield of 180 mg. It was further purified by a column chromatog. on Diaion HP-10.

IT 57103-70-5

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(antibiotic, from Nocardia)

RN 57103-70-5 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L3 ANSWER 14 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1979:136271 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 90:136271

TI Maytansinol, maytansine, and maytansinol propionate

IN Higashide, Eiji; Asai, Mitsuko; Tanida, Seiichi

PA Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
PI	JP 53124692	A2	19781031	JP 1977-37885	19770401	
	US 4151042	Α	19790424	US 1977-811442	19770629	
PRAI	JP 1977-37167		19770331			
	JP 1977-37885		19770401			

AB Maytansinol (I) [57103-68-1], maytansine (II) [35846-53-8] and maytansinol propionate (III) [57103-70-5] were produced by a Nocardia. Thus, Nocardia Number C-15003 (FERM-P 3992) was aerobically cultured at 28° for 90 h on a medium (pH 7.0) containing dextrin 5, corn steep liquor 2, peptone 0.1, and CaCO3 0.5%. The culture filtrate (85 L) was extracted with EtOAc, the extract dried and concentrated in vacuo, and the concentrate mixed with petroleum ether to yield 53 g precipitate The precipitate was dissolved in EtOAc and subjected to column chromatog. on silica gel, eluting with a mixture of hexane and EtOAc to sep. 2 g I and crude mixture The crude mixture was purified by silica gel chromatog., eluting with a mixture of CHCl3 and MeOH to yield 50 mg mixture of II and III, which were separated by column. chromatog. on Diaion HP-10, yielding 13 mg II and 25 mg III.

IT 57103-68-1P 57103-70-5P

RL: BMF (Bioindustrial manufacture); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(manufacture of, with Nocardia)

RN 57103-68-1 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 57103-70-5 CAPLUS CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L3 ANSWER 15 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 1979:53132 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 90:53132

TI Antibiotic C-15003

IN Higashide, Eiji; Asai, Mitsuko; Tanida, Seiichi

PA Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SO Ger. Offen., 51 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

LА	German				
FAN.					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 2746209	A1	19781019	DE 1977-2746209	19771014
	DE 2746209	C2	19901031	DB 1377 2740203	13//1011
	JP 53130693	A2	19781114	JP 1977-37166	19770331
	JP 60034556	B4	19850809	01 1577 37100	15770551
	US 4162940	A	19790731	US 1977-811448	19770629
	FR 2385714	A1	19781027	FR 1977-30339	19771007
	FR 2385714	B1	19820514	FR 1377 30333	13//100/
	SU 741804	D	19800615	SU 1977-2529301	19771007
	SE 7711542	A	19781001	SE 1977-11542	19771013
	SE 442873	В	19860203	SE 1977 11542	19//1013
	SE 442873	C	19860522		
	NL 7711274	A	19781003	NL 1977-11274	19771013
	NL 188102	В	19911101	NL 1977-11274	19//1013
	NL 188102	C	19920401		
	HU 20618	0	19810828	HU 1977-TA1459	19771013
	HU 178359	P	19820428	10 1977 TRI439	15//1015
	CS 214749	P	19820528	CS 1977-6678	19771013
	HU 28459	0	19831228	HU 1981-2440	19771013
	HU 187372	В	19851228	NO 1981-2440	19//1013
	DK 7704588	A	19781001	DK 1977-4588	19771014
	ES 463207	A1	19790101	ES 1977-463207	19771014
	AT 7707362	A	19810215	AT 1977-7362	19771014
	AT 364081	В	19810925	AI 1977-7302	13//1014
	GB 1586688	A	19810325	GB 1977-42822	19771014
	PL 122289	B1	19820731	PL 1977-201541	19771014
	PL 124349	B1	19830131	PL 1977-221358	19771015
	CH 637137	A	19830715	CH 1977-12605	19780101
	BE 865589	A1	19781002	BE 1978-186486	19780331
	BE 865590	A1	19781002	BE 1978-186487	19780331
	ZA 7801862	A	19790328	ZA 1978-1862	19780331
	ZA 7801863	A	19790328	ZA 1978-1863	19780331
	SU 890978	A A3	19811215	SU 1978-2627804	19780620
	ES 472230			ES 1978-472230	19780731
	AT 7808226	A1	19790401	AT 1978-8226	19781117
	AT 362061	A B	19800915 19810427	AI 1976-6226	19/0111/
				DK 1980-3388	19800806
	DK 8003388	A	19800806	DK 1960-3366	19000000
	DK 148180	В	19850422	SE 1983-2517	19830503
	SE 8302517	A	19830503	SE 1983-2517	19030303
	SE 446004	В	19860804		
DD3.T	SE 446004	C	19861113		
PRAI	JP 1977-37166	A	19770331		
	US 1977-811448	A	19770629		
	JP 1977-37886	A	19770401		
	US 1977-811449	Α	19770629		

Antibiotics C-15003 P-3 (I) [66584-72-3], C-15003 P-3' (II) [66547-09-9], and C-15003 P-4 (III) [66547-10-2] are produced by fermentation with Nocardia C-15003 (ATCC 31281). Thus, a preculture of Nocardia was inoculated into a pH 7 medium containing dextrin 5, corn steep liquor 3, polypeptone 0.1, and CaCO3 0.5% and incubated at 28° for 90 h. The titer at this time was 25 μ g C-15003/mL. C-15003 was purified by extraction into EtOAc, precipitation from petroleum ether, and chromatog. on silica gel. I, II, and III were separated by chromatog. on Diaion HP-10 with aqueous MeOH and NaCl. C-15003 had fungicidal and leukemia-inhibiting properties.

IT 66547-09-9 66547-10-2 66584-72-3

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(from Nocardia)

RN 66547-09-9 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]-O3-(1-oxobutyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

66547-10-2 CAPLUS RN

Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]-O3-(3-methyl-1-CN oxobutyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

RN66584-72-3 CAPLUS

Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)-2'-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

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L3 ANSWER 16 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 1979:34105 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 90:34105

TI Composition containing antibiotic C-15003 for treating tumors in warm-blooded animals

IN Higashide, Eiji; Asai, Mitsuko; Tanida, Seiichi; Otsu, Koichiro; Kozai, Yoshio

PA Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan

SO Ger. Offen., 53 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 4

ran.	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 2746252	A1	19781005	DE 1977-2746252	19771014
	JP 53130693	A2	19781114	JP 1977-37166	19770331
	JP 60034556	В4	19850809		
	JP 54014511	A2	19790202	JP 1977-113131	19770919
	AU 510499	В2	19800626	AU 1977-29074	19770923
	AU 7729074	A1	19790329		
	FR 2385714	A1	19781027	FR 1977-30339	19771007
	FR 2385714	B1	19820514		
	SU 741804	D	19800615	SU 1977-2529301	19771007
	NL 7711272	Α	19781003	NL 1977-11272	19771013
	HU 28459	0	19831228	HU 1981-2440	19771013
	HU 187372	В	19851228	•	
	AT 7707362	Α	19810215	AT 1977-7362	19771014
	AT 364081	В	19810925	•	
	GB 1592264	Α	19810701	GB 1977-42823	19771014
	PL 122289	B1	19820731	PL 1977-201541	19771015
	СН 637137	Α	19830715	CH 1977-12605	19780101
	BE 865589	A1	19781002	BE 1978-186486	19780331
	BE 865590	A1	19781002	BE 1978-186487	19780331
	ZA 7801862	Α	19790328	ZA 1978-1862	19780331
	ZA 7801863	Α	19790328	ZA 1978-1863	
	SU 890978	A3	19811215	SU 1978-2627804	19780620
	AT 7808226	Α	19800915	AT 1978-8226	19781117
	AT 362061	В	19810427		
	DK 8003388	Α	19800806	DK 1980-3388	19800,806
	DK 148180	В	19850422		
PRAI	JP 1977-37166	Α	19770331		
	US 1977-811449	Α	19770629		
	US 1977-811448	Α	19770629		
	AT 1977-7362	A	19771014		
	DK 1977-4588	Α	19771014		
GI					

I, R=COCHMe2 II, R=COPr III, R=COCH2CHMe2

AB Antibiotic C-15003 P-3 (I) [66584-72-3], Antibiotic C-]5003 P-3' (II) [66547-09-9], and Antibiotic C-15003 P-4 (III) [66547-10-2], or mixts. thereof, possess antitumor properties. I, m.p. 190-2°, [α]D22 -136° (c 0.375, CHCl3), II, m.p. 182-5°, [α]D22 -134° (c 0.11, CHCl3), and III, m.p. 177-80°, [α]D22 -142° (c 0.522, CHCl3) are purified from the fermentation products of Nocardia new species strain C-15003. Thus, treatment with I, II, and III or their mixts. prolonged the survival time of mice bearing leukemia P388, melanoma B16, leukemia L1210, sarcoma 180, Ehrlich carcinoma, and mastocytoma P815. The fermentative production and purification of the 3 compds. are described as well as their spectral properties leading to structure elucidation.

IT 66547-09-9 66547-10-2 66584-72-3

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (from Nocardia species, antitumor activity of)

RN 66547-09-9 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]-O3-(1-oxobutyl)(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 66547-10-2 CAPLUS

CN Maytansine, O3-de[2-(acetylmethylamino)-1-oxopropyl]-O3-(3-methyl-1-oxobutyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 66584-72-3 CAPLUS CN Maytansine, 2'-de(acetylmethylamino)-2'-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:21:14 ON 17 DEC 2004)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:21:20 ON 17 DEC 2004 L1 47 S MAYTANSINOL?/CN

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:21:49 ON 17 DEC 2004

L2 110 S L1

L3 16 S L2 AND PURIF?

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	79.92	93.83
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-11.20	-11.20

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 16:22:48 ON 17 DEC 2004